Object of study of master’s thesis is to analyze branch structure of agriculture of Gurjistan Vilayet’s village in accordance with the “Great Book of Gurjistan Vilayet”. In order to have conducted a study here is applied Georgian translation of S. Jikia’s Turkish manuscript (1941) and Al. Aslanikashvili’s “Map of Gurjistan Vilayet”, scale 1:300,000 (1953).

Purpose of master’s thesis is to study branch structure of agriculture of Gurjistan Vilayet’s village and to compose agricultural profile under the basis of achieved results. Pursuant to the use of GIS-technologies are established cultural features of spread of agricultural crops Gurjistan Vilayet. In this thesis is in detailed described branch structure of agriculture and features of territorial distribution. Also here is provided a general review in accordance with the administrative and territorial units.

Basic activity of population in Gurjistan Vilayet was related to agriculture. Each village had imposed agricultural fee. It may be related to both grain and leguminous crops (wheat, barley, rye, millet, pea, lentil and syrup) and any fields of cattle breeding (bee, swine and sheep). Type of tax was determined in accordance with the developed agricultural products, as to which one was better developed in each village.

Thesis includes detailed description of amount of taxes on each crops on the level of region, district and villages. Also here are recorded those villages, where people had no imposed taxes. Territorial distribution of vine culture is also mentioned in the thesis. Obtained results are presented in the form of cartograms, maps and diagrams.